V = 1285.7 (8) Å³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

9661 measured reflections

2925 independent reflections

2518 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 1.00 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 293 (2) K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.027$

Z = 2

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Bis(di-2-pyridylmethanediol- $\kappa^2 N$, N')palladium(II) bis(perchlorate)

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.107; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

In the title compound, $[Pd(C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_2)_2](ClO_4)_2$, the Pd^{II} atom, which lies on an inversion centre, adopts square-planar coordination, binding to the two N atoms of each of the two di-2-pyridylmethanediol ligands. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by a network of $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds involving the hydroxyl groups and the O atoms of the perchlorate anions to form columns down a.

Related literature

A similar Pd^{II} square-planar complex of di-2-pyridylmethanediol has been reported by Sommerer et al. (1997).



Experimental

Crystal data

[Pd(C11H10N2O2)2](ClO4)2 $M_r = 709.72$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 7.677 (3) Å b = 13.929(5) Å c = 12.173 (5) Å $\beta = 99.008 \ (5)^{\circ}$

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2000) $T_{\min} = 0.858, T_{\max} = 1.000$ (expected range = 0.792–0.923)

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	187 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.12	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.62 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2925 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.60 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
O1−H1 <i>B</i> ···O5	0.82	2.03	2.842 (5)	169
$O2-H2B\cdots O6^{i}$	0.82	1.84	2.636 (6)	162
a				

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y + 1, -z - 1.

Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku, 2000); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ2361).

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supplementary materials

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Bis(di-2-pyridylmethanediol- $\kappa^2 N, N'$)palladium(II) bis(perchlorate)

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Comment

The crystal structure of (I) consists of $[Pd(C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_2)_2]^{2+}$ cations and ClO_4^- anions (Fig. 1). In the cation, the metal atom lies on an inversion centre and binds to two *N*,*N*'-chelated di-2-pyridylmethanediol ligands in a square planar geometry. The Pd—N bond lengths are 2.025 (3) and 2.031 (3) Å. The N1—Pd—N2 angles are 86.97 (12) and 93.03 (12). A similar Pd(II) complex has already been reported by Sommerer *et al.* (1997).

In the crystal structure, there is a complex hydrogen-bonding network among the hydroxyl groups and the O atoms of the perchlorate anions, (Table 1, Fig. 2).

Experimental

The title complex was synthesized by refluxing a mixture of $Pd(OAc)_2$ (0.449 g, 2 mmol) and di-2-pyridylketone (0.185 g, 1 mmol) in ethanol/water (20 ml; 3:1 v/v) for 1 h with stirring. After cooling, solid NaClO₄·H₂O (0.210 g, 1.5 mmol) was added and the solution filtered. Yellow crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained as plates by slow evaporation of the filtrate over two weeks.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding atoms, with C—H distances of 0.93 Å and O—H distances of 0.82 Å, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5 U_{eq}(O)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms. Atoms with the A suffix are generated by the symmetry code (-x, 1 - y, -z).



Fig. 2. A view of the crystal packing along the *a* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Bis(di-2-pyridylmethanediol- $\kappa^2 N$, N')palladium(II) bis(perchlorate)

Crystal data	
[Pd(C ₁₁ H ₁₀ N ₂ O ₂) ₂](ClO ₄) ₂	$F_{000} = 712$
$M_r = 709.72$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.833 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 2779 reflections
a = 7.677 (3) Å	$\theta = 3.1 - 27.5^{\circ}$
b = 13.929 (5) Å	$\mu = 1.00 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 12.173 (5) Å	T = 293 (2) K
$\beta = 99.008 \ (5)^{\circ}$	Plate, yellow
$V = 1285.7 (8) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
Z = 2	

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD diffractometer	2925 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2518 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.027$
T = 293(2) K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}$
ω scans	$\theta_{\min} = 3.1^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2000)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.858, T_{\max} = 1.000$	$k = -16 \rightarrow 17$
9661 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0431P)^2 + 1.6859P]$

	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.12	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
2925 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.62 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
187 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.60 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Pd1	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.03376 (13)
Cl1	-0.15333 (17)	0.38024 (9)	-0.41355 (9)	0.0642 (3)
C1	0.3177 (5)	0.4007 (3)	-0.0473 (3)	0.0456 (9)
H1A	0.2952	0.3615	0.0107	0.055*
C2	0.4601 (5)	0.3814 (3)	-0.0988 (4)	0.0582 (11)
H2A	0.5330	0.3293	-0.0767	0.070*
C3	0.4931 (6)	0.4395 (4)	-0.1826 (4)	0.0671 (13)
H3A	0.5887	0.4270	-0.2189	0.081*
C4	0.3849 (6)	0.5173 (4)	-0.2141 (4)	0.0594 (12)
H4A	0.4081	0.5579	-0.2707	0.071*
C5	0.2432 (5)	0.5337 (3)	-0.1610 (3)	0.0433 (8)
C6	0.1147 (6)	0.6181 (3)	-0.1892 (3)	0.0490 (9)
C7	0.0762 (5)	0.6930 (3)	0.0970 (3)	0.0459 (9)
H7A	0.0411	0.6648	0.1592	0.055*
C8	0.1333 (6)	0.7865 (3)	0.1033 (4)	0.0560 (11)
H8A	0.1390	0.8210	0.1692	0.067*
C9	0.1817 (6)	0.8280 (3)	0.0109 (4)	0.0633 (12)
H9A	0.2187	0.8916	0.0132	0.076*
C10	0.1758 (6)	0.7757 (3)	-0.0853 (4)	0.0543 (10)
H10A	0.2097	0.8034	-0.1482	0.065*
C11	0.1187 (5)	0.6813 (3)	-0.0876 (3)	0.0410 (8)
N1	0.2095 (4)	0.4751 (2)	-0.0785 (2)	0.0378 (7)
N2	0.0696 (4)	0.6408 (2)	0.0028 (2)	0.0376 (6)
01	-0.0599 (4)	0.5845 (2)	-0.2184 (2)	0.0600 (8)
H1B	-0.0597	0.5349	-0.2546	0.090*
02	0.1675 (5)	0.6744 (2)	-0.2722 (3)	0.0781 (11)

supplementary materials

H2B	0.1414	0.6475	-0.332	5	0.117*	
O3	-0.2926 (7)	0.4402 (4)	-0.4044	4 (7)	0.164 (3)	
O4	-0.1980 (10)	0.2889 (3)	-0.3818	8 (5)	0.166 (3)	
05	-0.0060 (6)	0.4159 (3)	-0.3402	2 (3)	0.0981 (13)	
O6	-0.1158 (11)	0.3796 (8)	-0.5176	6 (4)	0.236 (5)	
Atomic displace	ment parameters	$(Å^2)$				
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U ²³
Pd1	0.0400 (2)	0.0271 (2)	0.0341 (2)	0.00115 (15	5) 0.00552 (14)	-0.00030 (15)
Cl1	0.0799 (8)	0.0667 (7)	0.0469 (6)	-0.0032 (6)	0.0133 (5)	-0.0136 (5)
C1	0.045 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0021 (16)	0.0036 (17)	-0.0038 (17)
C2	0.044 (2)	0.054 (3)	0.075 (3)	0.0073 (19)	0.005 (2)	-0.016 (2)
C3	0.051 (2)	0.082 (4)	0.073 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.022 (2)	-0.020(3)
C4	0.061 (3)	0.072 (3)	0.049 (2)	-0.012 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C5	0.055 (2)	0.0387 (19)	0.0360 (18)	-0.0066 (17	7) 0.0056 (16)	-0.0055 (16)
C6	0.070 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.0345 (18)	-0.0004 (19	9) 0.0032 (17)	0.0061 (16)
C7	0.047 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.0009 (17)	0.0074 (17)	-0.0119 (17)
C8	0.055 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.068 (3)	-0.0016 (19	9) 0.006 (2)	-0.023 (2)
C9	0.069 (3)	0.031 (2)	0.089 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.008 (3)	-0.010 (2)
C10	0.071 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.056 (2)	-0.0048 (19	9) 0.009 (2)	0.0049 (18)
C11	0.048 (2)	0.0318 (18)	0.0414 (19)	0.0000 (15)	0.0018 (16)	0.0016 (15)
N1	0.0423 (16)	0.0341 (15)	0.0372 (15)	0.0008 (12)	0.0069 (12)	-0.0038 (12)
N2	0.0438 (15)	0.0294 (15)	0.0388 (15)	-0.0012 (13	3) 0.0040 (12)	-0.0023 (12)
O1	0.071 (2)	0.0484 (16)	0.0521 (17)	0.0097 (14)	-0.0167 (14)	-0.0082 (13)
O2	0.135 (3)	0.0552 (19)	0.0451 (17)	-0.007 (2)	0.0183 (19)	0.0136 (15)
O3	0.109 (4)	0.096 (4)	0.297 (9)	0.020 (3)	0.066 (5)	0.006 (5)
O4	0.246 (7)	0.054 (3)	0.171 (5)	-0.029 (3)	-0.049 (5)	-0.009 (3)
05	0.107 (3)	0.095 (3)	0.085 (3)	-0.013 (2)	-0.007 (2)	-0.034 (2)
O6	0.235 (8)	0.432 (13)	0.052 (3)	-0.126 (9)	0.055 (4)	-0.075 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pd1—N1	2.025 (3)	C5—N1	1.351 (5)
Pd1—N1 ⁱ	2.025 (3)	C5—C6	1.538 (6)
Pd1—N2 ⁱ	2.031 (3)	C6—O2	1.389 (5)
Pd1—N2	2.031 (3)	C6—O1	1.411 (5)
Cl1—O6	1.342 (5)	C6—C11	1.515 (5)
Cl1—O3	1.375 (5)	C7—N2	1.352 (4)
Cl1—O4	1.389 (5)	С7—С8	1.373 (6)
Cl1—O5	1.416 (4)	С7—Н7А	0.9300
C1—N1	1.345 (5)	C8—C9	1.366 (7)
C1—C2	1.370 (6)	C8—H8A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300	C9—C10	1.374 (6)
C2—C3	1.357 (7)	С9—Н9А	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9300	C10—C11	1.385 (5)
C3—C4	1.382 (7)	C10—H10A	0.9300
С3—НЗА	0.9300	C11—N2	1.342 (5)

1.370 (6)	O1—H1B	0.8200
0.9300	O2—H2B	0.8200
180.0	O2—C6—C11	107.1 (3)
93.03 (12)	O1—C6—C11	107.2 (3)
86.97 (12)	O2—C6—C5	110.1 (4)
86.97 (12)	O1—C6—C5	110.7 (3)
93.03 (12)	C11—C6—C5	109.4 (3)
180.0	N2—C7—C8	121.8 (4)
111.4 (6)	N2—C7—H7A	119.1
110.8 (5)	С8—С7—Н7А	119.1
107.8 (4)	C9—C8—C7	118.7 (4)
109.2 (4)	С9—С8—Н8А	120.6
106.9 (4)	С7—С8—Н8А	120.6
110.7 (3)	C8—C9—C10	120.0 (4)
121.6 (4)	С8—С9—Н9А	120.0
119.2	С10—С9—Н9А	120.0
119.2	C9—C10—C11	119.3 (4)
118.9 (4)	C9—C10—H10A	120.4
120.6	C11-C10-H10A	120.4
120.6	N2-C11-C10	120.7 (4)
120.1 (4)	N2-C11-C6	116.9 (3)
120.0	C10-C11-C6	122.3 (4)
120.0	C1—N1—C5	119.6 (3)
119.2 (4)	C1—N1—Pd1	120.0 (3)
120.4	C5—N1—Pd1	120.4 (3)
120.4	C11—N2—C7	119.4 (3)
120.6 (4)	C11—N2—Pd1	119.9 (2)
115.9 (3)	C7—N2—Pd1	120.6 (3)
123.5 (4)	C6—O1—H1B	109.5
112.2 (3)	C6—O2—H2B	109.5
	1.370(6) 0.9300 180.0 93.03(12) 86.97(12) 86.97(12) 93.03(12) 180.0 111.4(6) 110.8(5) 107.8(4) 109.2(4) 106.9(4) 110.7(3) 121.6(4) 119.2 119.2 118.9(4) 120.6 120.6 120.1(4) 120.0 120.0 120.0 120.4 120.4 120.4 120.4 120.4 120.6(4) 115.9(3) 123.5(4) 112.2(3)	1.370(6) $O1-H1B$ 0.9300 $O2-H2B$ 180.0 $O2-C6-C11$ $93.03(12)$ $O1-C6-C11$ $86.97(12)$ $O2-C6-C5$ $86.97(12)$ $O1-C6-C5$ $93.03(12)$ $C11-C6-C5$ $93.03(12)$ $C11-C6-C5$ 180.0 $N2-C7-H7A$ $110.8(5)$ $C8-C7$ $107.8(4)$ $C9-C8-H8A$ $106.9(4)$ $C7-C8-H8A$ $107.3)$ $C8-C9-C10$ $121.6(4)$ $C8-C9-H9A$ 119.2 $C10-C9-H9A$ 119.2 $C9-C10-C11$ $118.9(4)$ $C9-C10-H10A$ 120.6 $N2-C11-C10$ $120.1(4)$ $N2-C11-C6$ 120.0 $C1-N1-C5$ $119.2(4)$ $C1-N1-Pd1$ 120.4 $C1-N1-Pd1$ 120.4 $C1-N2-Pd1$ 120.4 $C1-N2-Pd1$ $120.5(4)$ $C6-O2-H2B$

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y+1, -z.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
O1—H1B…O5	0.82	2.03	2.842 (5)	169
O2—H2B···O6 ⁱⁱ	0.82	1.84	2.636 (6)	162
Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x$, $-y+1$, $-z-1$.				

Fig. 1



